

temporary alien agricultural labor certification is being sought shall be equal to the annual weighted average hourly wage rate for field and livestock workers (combined) for the region as published annually by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) based on the USDA quarterly wage survey. The Director shall publish, at least once in each calendar year, on a date or dates to be determined by the Director, AEWRs for each State (for which USDA publishes regional data), calculated pursuant to this paragraph (a) as a notice or notices in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(b) *Higher prevailing wage rates.* If, as the result of a State agency prevailing wage survey determination, the prevailing wage rate in an area and agricultural activity (as determined by the State agency survey and verified by the Director) is found to be higher than the AEWR computed pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, the higher prevailing wage rate shall be offered and paid to all workers by employers seeking temporary alien agricultural labor certification for that agricultural activity and area.

(c) *Federal minimum wage rate.* In no event shall an AEWR computed pursuant to this section be lower than the hourly wage rate published in 29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1) and currently in effect.

[52 FR 20507, June 1, 1987, as amended at 54 FR 28046, July 5, 1989]

§ 655.108 H-2A applications involving fraud or willful misrepresentation.

(a) *Referral for investigation.* If possible fraud or willful misrepresentation involving a temporary alien agricultural labor certification application is discovered prior to a final temporary alien agricultural labor certification determination or if it is learned that the employer or agent (with respect to an application) is the subject of a criminal indictment or information filed in a court, the RA shall refer the matter to the INS and DOL Office of the Inspector General for investigation. The RA shall continue to process the application and may issue a temporary alien agricultural labor certification.

(b) *Continued processing.* If a court finds an employer or agent not guilty

of fraud or willful misrepresentation, or if the Department of Justice decides not to prosecute an employer or agent, the RA shall not deny the temporary alien agricultural labor certification application on the grounds of fraud or willful misrepresentation. The application, of course, may be denied for other reasons pursuant to this subpart.

(c) *Terminated processing.* If a court or the INS determines that there was fraud or willful misrepresentation involving a temporary alien agricultural labor certification application, the application is thereafter invalid, consideration of the application shall be terminated and the RA shall return the application to the employer or agent with the reasons therefor stated in writing.

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 65 FR 43544, July 13, 2000, § 655.108 was amended in paragraph (a) by removing from the first sentence the phrase “temporary alien agricultural labor certification” and adding in lieu thereof the phrase “an application”; and by removing from the second sentence the word “certification” and adding in lieu thereof the phrase “certification and the determination on the H-2A petition cannot be made until the investigation has been completed”, effective Nov. 13, 2000. At 65 FR 67628, Nov. 13, 2000, the effective date was delayed until Oct. 1, 2001. The effective date was further delayed until Sept. 27, 2002 at 66 FR 49275, Sept. 27, 2001.

§ 655.110 Employer penalties for non-compliance with terms and conditions of temporary alien agricultural labor certifications.

(a) *Investigation of violations.* If, during the period of two years after a temporary alien agricultural labor certification has been granted (in whole or in part), the RA has reason to believe that an employer violated a material term or condition of the temporary alien agricultural labor certification, the RA shall, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, investigate the matter. If, after the investigation, the RA determines that a substantial violation has occurred, the RA, after consultation with the Director, shall notify the employer that a temporary alien agricultural certification request will not be granted for the next period of time in a calendar year during which the employer would